

Golden Valley Cooperative Project in Alaska - 40 MW Nickel-Cadmium Battery

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"Meeting California's Electricity System Challenges through Electricity Energy Storage"

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Golden Valley Electric Association (GVEA)

- GVEA headquarters in Fairbanks, Alaska
 - Rural cooperative serving over 90,000 residents
 - Winter temperature of -50°C
- Peak system demand ~180 MW
- 2882 miles of T&D lines over 5700 square miles
- Power supplies:
 - "Local" generation (225 MW)
 - 400-mile transmission line from Anchorage (80 MW)





The Need: Reliable Power

- Fairbanks dependent on low-cost power from Anchorage
 - Single, 400-mile transmission line
- "Island system" prone to outage-induced instability
 - Line outage → 7 Hz/s frequency decay
 - Anchorage generator outage → 1.5 Hz/s decay
- Traditional means of improving stability
 - Additional transmission lines
 - Additional generation
- Means in use prior to BESS
 - Local "spinning" reserve
 - Customer load shedding ("SILOS")



The Solution: New Transmission + Battery Storage

- Northern Intertie Project
 - New 60-mile, 230 kV transmission line
 - Parallels to existing 138 kV line, providing redundancy
 - Healy coal plant to Fairbanks
 - Requires reactive compensation





Photo credit: Golden Valley Electric Association



The Solution: New Transmission + Battery Storage

- Battery Energy Storage System ("B.E.S.S.")
 - Installed at northern terminus of the Northern Intertie
 - 40 MVA, 15-minute battery storage system
 - Multiple operating modes







Photo credit: Patrick J. Endres / Alaskaphotographics.com

BESS Project Information

- Owner and operator
 - Golden Valley Electric Association
- Major equipment and construction
 - ABB: Prime contractor: power converter, primary design and controls engineering
 - Saft: Battery supplier ("cradle to grave")
 - City Electric: General contractor
- Project schedule: 24 months
 - Ground break to final test
- Project cost: \$35M
 - ABB consortium, ~\$31M
 - Local construction, ~\$4M









System Description - Battery

Saft nickel-cadmium pocket plate battery

27 MW for 15 minutes (40 MW with 6 strings)

4 electrical strings (expandable to 8)

• 3440 high rate cells per string (13,760 total)

1,376 ten-cell forkliftable modules

Automatic watering system

Battery room: 120 m X 26 m

Total weight: 1,500 tons

Life: 20 - 30 years

Photo credit: Patrick J. Endres / Alaskaphotographics.com





System Description - PCS

ABB IGCT-based power conversion system

40 MVA rated (46 MVA maximum) power

Dual 20 MVA modules, three-level inverter design

- 5 kV DC link
 (+/- 2500 volts dc)
- 138 kV AC output transformer
- Water-cooled

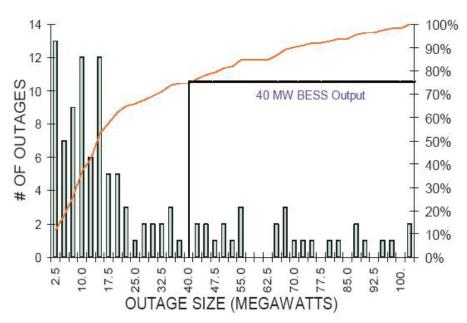


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BESS Operating Modes & Priority

- Spinning Reserve
- 2. Automatic Scheduling
- 3. Support for Scheduled Load Increases
- 4. Automatic Generator Control (AGC)
- 5. VAR Support
- Power System Stabilization (PSS)
- 7. Charging



Graphic credit: Golden Valley Electric Association



BESS Operating Modes In Use To Date

- Spinning reserve (SR)
 - 60 events thru 12/2004
 - Average power = 12 MW
 - 553 cumulative minutes
 - 297,720 cumulative no. of customers protected
- Automatic generation control (AGC)
- VAR-support
 - 5 to 7 MVAR, continuously
- Power system stabilization
 - As much as +/- 5 MW above SR discharge
 - Primarily occurs immediately after outage disturbance



Performance to Date

- Availability since startup > 99%
 - System has been down only 5 days in 17 months!
 - 18-month acceptance requires >98% (11 days)
- Power performance exceeded specifications
 - 27 MW for 24 minutes, with 2 of 4 strings
- Reduction in power supply outages <u>exceeded</u>
 - Planned 60 65%
 - Achieved 80% to date!



GV BESS: "Firsts" and World Records

- First commercial utility battery facility to be bid, procured and installed using turn-key system RFP
 - Specification developed by EPRI and used by GVEA
- Highest voltage battery in world
 - > 5,200 Vdc
- Most powerful battery in world
 - 46 MW for 5 minutes
- (SCE/ILZRO/EPRI Chino Battery still the largest capacity battery in the U.S., at 40 MWh)



